

# Structural and Magnetic Characterizations of Co-Pb Ferrite Synthesized by Sol-gel Techniques

<sup>1</sup>Dhiware M. D. <sup>2</sup>Bhise R. B.

<sup>1</sup>PG Dept. of Physics, KVN Naik College, Canada Corner, Nashik, MH, India 422002 <sup>2</sup>PG Dept. of Physics, DGM's Hon. Balasaheb Jadhav College, Ale, Tal: Junnar, Dist: Pune 412411

## **ABSTRACT**

The  $Co_x$   $Pb_{1-x}$   $Fe_2O_4$  (Where, x = 0.2, 0.4, 0.6) nanoferrite powders were synthesized by sol-gel techniques at cost effective low temperatures. The synthesized powders were sintered at 740  $^{0}$ C. The prepared samples were characterized by XRD and VSM. From XRD characterization, the structure of the material is found to be spinel ferrite, the lattice constants, and average particle size were studied. The substitution of Co in Pb ferrite shows the remarkable changes in particle size and magnetic property. The average particle size is in range of 17 nm to 30 nm.

Keywords: Pb-Co nanoferrite, Sol-gel, XRD, VSM

## I. INTRODUCTION

Recent studies have shown that the physical properties of nanoparticles are enhanced significantly by various processing technique and with different composition. This method is used to obtain improved properties, more homogeneity narrow particle distribution, influencing structural, electrical and magnetic properties of ferrite. It is interesting and important to develop techniques by which the size and structure of the particles can be well controlled. In the present work have successfully synthesized and studied the effect of Co on the properties PbFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> structural of samples.

PbCoFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> Nano-particles were successfully prepared by Sol-gel auto-combustion method.

# II. EXPERIMENTAL TECHNIQUE

The high purity AR grade Ferric nitrate (Fe<sub>2</sub>  $(NO_3)_2.9H_2O)$ , Lead nitrate  $(Pb(NO_3)_2.6H_2O)$ , Cobalt nitrate (Co(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O), Citric acid  $(C_6H_8O_7),$ Ammonium hydroxide solution (NH<sub>4</sub>OH) were used to prepare Pb<sub>1-x</sub> Co<sub>x</sub> Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (Where x=0.2, 0.4, 0.6) nanoparticles by sol-gel auto combustion synthesis technique. In this chemical process Citric acid was used as a Fuel. These nitrates and citric acid were weighed accurately stoichiometric to have proper

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proportion required in the final product. The mixed solutions of all the chemicals were stirred until the homogeneous solution is obtained. During the stirring process ammonium hydroxide solution was added drop by drop to obtain pH of 7. The mixed solution was simultaneously stirred at 100 °C for 3 to 4 hrs to form a gel after that it takes autocombustion. The prepared powder was sintered at 740 °C for 6 hrs.

#### **III.RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

# A. XRD Analysis:

From figure 1 the XRD pattern is used to estimate the average size of very small crystallites, from the measured width of the peaks in the different pattern.

The particle size were calculated using Scherer's formula;

$$t = \frac{0.9\lambda}{\beta \cos \theta}$$

Where.

 $\lambda$  = Wavelength of X-ray used

 $\beta$  = Full Width Half Maxima (FWHM) in radians.

 $\theta$  = peak position.

The Lattice parameter (a) of the sample was calculated by using the formula

$$a = d \times \sqrt{h^2 + k^2 + l^2}$$

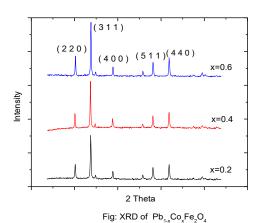
Where,

a = Lattice Constant and h,k,l are the Miller Indices

Table-1:

Composition	Average	Interplanar	Lattice
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	particle	distance	constant	
	size "t"	"d"	"a" $(A^0)$	
	(nm)	(nm)		
Pb <sub>1.8</sub> Co <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	17.3360	2.5311	8.5841	
Pb <sub>1.6</sub> Co <sub>0.4</sub> Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	23.3625	2.5277	8.4712	
Pb <sub>1.4</sub> Co <sub>0.6</sub> Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	30.1255	2.1423	8.3715	



**Figure 1:** Shows the XRD pattern of Pb<sub>1-</sub>  $_{x}$ Co<sub>x</sub>Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

# **B. VSM Analysis:**

The Figure 2 shows that the magnetic properties of the synthesized material from the hysteresis loop it clear that the figure 2 (a) to Figure 2 (c) it increasing the Pb concentration in Cobalt the property of the material changes from hard to soft ferrite.

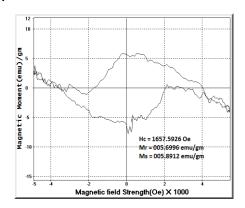
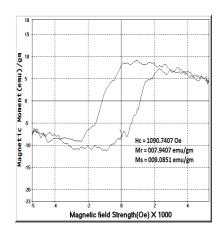


Figure 2 (a): VSM of Pb<sub>1.8</sub>Co<sub>0.2</sub>Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

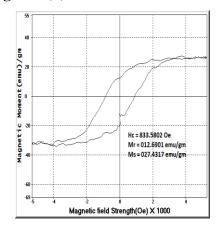
Table 2:

Composition	Hc in Oe	Mr	Ms

		emu/gm	emu/gm
Pb <sub>1.8</sub> Co <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	1657.5926	5.6996	5.8912
$Pb_{1.6}Co_{0.4}Fe_2O_4$	1090.7407	7.94	9.0851
Pb <sub>1.4</sub> Co <sub>0.6</sub> Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	833.5802	12.6901	27.4317



**Figure 2(b) :** VSM of Pb<sub>1.6</sub>Co<sub>0.4</sub>Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>



**Figure2(c)**: VSM of Pb<sub>1.4</sub>Co<sub>0.6</sub>Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

## IV. CONCLUSIONS

Pb(1-x)Co(x)Fe2O4Nano sized ferrite powder were synthesized successfully by sol gel- auto combustion method. From XRD calculation it is conclude that average grain size goes on increasing as concentration of cobalt increases this influence is occur due to ionic radii and exchangeability of ions and it is in the nanostructure range and spinel ferrite. Form, the magnetic properties were studied by hysteresis

loop and it is found that the magnetic saturation goes on decreasing as percentage of Co goes on increasing also it convert hard ferrite to soft ferrite.

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